accorded the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalent structures and functions.

[0122] This application claims the benefit of Japanese Patent Application No. 2014-156792, filed Jul. 31, 2014, which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

What is claimed is:

1. A photometric apparatus comprising:

a photometry unit configured to measure object light; and

a first display unit arranged on an optical path of the object light to the photometry unit and configured to display a plurality of display items,

wherein the first display unit is configured to display a first display item outside a region of a display screen of the first display unit corresponding to a photometric range where the photometry unit measures light, and display a second display item having a display area smaller than a display area of the first display item inside the region of the display screen corresponding to the photometric range.

2. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein each of the plurality of display items is a display item indicating a different state related to an identical setting item.

3. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, further comprising a second display unit which is separate from the first display unit,

wherein the plurality of display items is arranged in a first layout in the first display unit, and at least part of the plurality of display items is arranged in a second layout different from the first layout in the second display unit.

4. The photometric apparatus according to claim **3**, further comprising:

a focusing screen for an image of an object to be formed on; and

a viewfinder optical system for observing an image formed on the focusing screen,

wherein the first display unit is arranged near the focusing screen, and the second display unit is arranged in a position outside the viewfinder optical system.

5. The photometric apparatus according to claim **3**, further comprising a selection unit configured to sequentially select the plurality of display items in the first display unit or the second display unit,

wherein display items to be selected in adjoining order by the selection unit are displayed in adjoining positions.

6. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein the first display item is a display item having a maximum display area among the plurality of display items.

7. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein the second display item is a display item having a minimum display area among the plurality of display items.

8. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein the plurality of display items includes a display item indicating a setting related to white balance, and the first display item is a display item representing automatic white balance.

9. The photometric apparatus according to claim **2**, wherein the first display unit is configured to display a plurality of display items indicating a state related to another item other than the setting item,

wherein the photometric apparatus further includes a first operation member configured to sequentially select the plurality of display items related to the setting item, and

a second operation member configured to sequentially select the plurality of display items related to the another item, and

wherein display is performed, in the first display unit, such that a relationship between display positions of the plurality of display items related to the setting item and display positions of the plurality of display items related to the another item corresponds to a positional relationship between the first operation member and the second operation member.

10. The photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein an amount of light passed through the plurality of display items is smaller than an amount of light before passed through the plurality of display items.

11. An imaging apparatus using the photometric apparatus according to claim **1**, the imaging apparatus including an imaging unit configured to capture an image of an object.

12. A photometric apparatus comprising:

a photometry unit configured to measure object light; and

a first display unit arranged on an optical path of the object light to the photometry unit and configured to display a plurality of display items,

wherein the first display unit is configured to display a first display item among the plurality of display items in a position farther from a center of a photometric range by the photometry unit than at least a second display item among items having a display area smaller than a display area of the first display item.

13. The photometric apparatus according to claim **12**, wherein each of the plurality of display items is a display item indicating a different state related to an identical setting item.

14. The photometric apparatus according to claim **12**, further comprising a second display unit which is separate from the first display unit,

wherein the plurality of display items is arranged in a first layout in the first display unit, and at least part of the plurality of display items is arranged in a second layout different from the first layout in the second display unit.

15. The photometric apparatus according to claim **12**, further comprising:

a focusing screen for an image of an object to be formed on; and

a viewfinder optical system for observing an image formed on the focusing screening,

wherein the first display unit is arranged near the focusing screen, and the second display unit is arranged in a position outside the viewfinder optical system.

16. A photometric apparatus comprising:

a photometry unit configured to measure object light;

a first display unit arranged on an optical path of the object light to the photometry unit; and

a second display unit arranged in a position off the optical path,

wherein the first display unit is configured to display a predetermined display item lying in a position affecting the photometry unit among a plurality of display items displayed on the first display unit so that a ratio of a display area of the predetermined display item to an entire screen of the first display unit is lower than a ratio of a display area of a corresponding predetermined display item displayed on the second display unit to an entire screen of the second display unit.